

# PRESS FREEDOM VIOLATIONS IN AFRICA

#### **OCTOBER 2023**

	*Number if incidents involving		
Country	Total	Male journalists	Female journalists
Mozambique	7	6	0
Ghana	5	3	2
Nigeria	3	2	0
South Africa	3	2	1
Zimbabwe	3	8	1
DRC	2	1	Ο
Gambia	1	1	0
Guinea	1	9	4
Liberia	1	2	0
Somalia	1	1	О
Sudan	1	0	1
Uganda	1	11	3
	29	46	12

\* IPI collects data on press freedom violations and threats across Africa. These incidents can involve individual journalists and/or media outlets. Each incident is assigned different categories of violations (which can include physical assaults to legal threats). There can be multiple types of violations or threats involving the same case and the same journalist or media outlet. When these incidents involve individual journalists, we record the gender of individual journalists, if this information is available. For this reason, the total number of violations does not always equal the total number of incidents recorded by gender or by media outlet.



incidents of press freedom violations identified in

12 countries.

Most press freedom violations were identified in

Mozambique & Ghana.

Involving

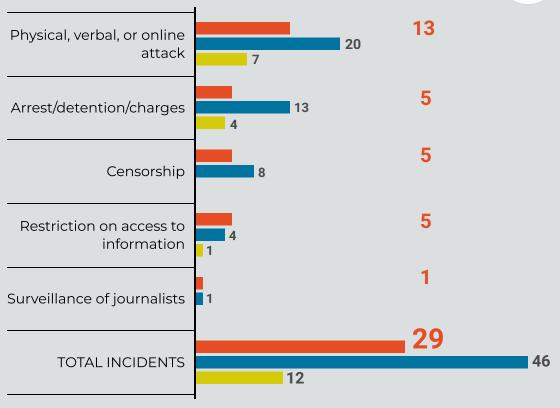
46 MALE

12 FEMALE

journalists.

# Most violations identified were physical, verbal, or online attacks:

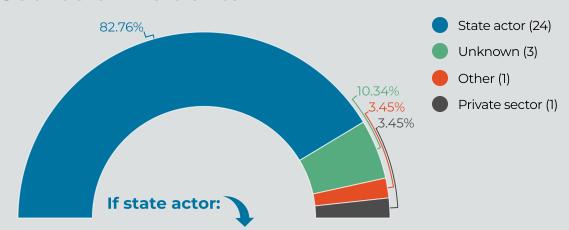






Download data

## Source of incidents



#### If state actor:

Police/state security	11
Government / public official	7
Political parties	4
Judiciary (court)	
Regulatory body	1

## ONE JOURNALIST KILLED IN OCTOBER

#### SUDAN: Hamila Idris Salim

On October 10, 2023, elements of one of the warrior factions in Sudan's internal tussle over control of power, Rapid Support Forces (RSF) killed journalist Halima Idris Salim, of the online platform, Sudan Bukra, based in the UK. According to reports, Salim was run over by an RSF vehicle when she was reporting in Omdumrman Street, in Khartoum, the capital city of Sudan. The killing of Salim, adds to the series of press freedom violations journalists and media have been confronted with since the outbreak of the conflict in Sudan, on April 15, between the regular army, the Sudan Armed Force (SAF) and the RSF. More than two hundred journalists were displaced, and several incidents of assaults on journalists and media outlets by both warring parties were reported, amid war propaganda from both parties and threats against journalists online.



